IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF NORTH CAROLINA CHARLOTTE DIVISION DOCKET NO. 3:16-CR-200-MOC-DSC

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA)	
)	
VS.)	ORDER
)	
BILLY DARRYL FLOYD,)	
)	
Defendant.)	
)	

On September 28, 2016, Defendant appeared before the Court for arraignment. He is represented by appointed counsel Rahwa Gebre-Egziabher. On two occasions during the hearing, Defendant interrupted the Court and the proceedings by speaking out of turn in a disrespectful tone. The Court warned him on each occasion not to speak out of turn. When Defendant interrupted the proceedings a third time by speaking out of turn in a loud and disrespectful tone, the Court advised him that he was being held in contempt of court.

The contempt powers of a United States Magistrate Judge are set forth in 28 U.S.C. § 636(e), as amended by the Federal Courts Improvement Act of 2000. Those powers include summary criminal contempt authority in any case before the Magistrate Judge, as well as criminal and civil contempt authority in certain civil consent and misdemeanor cases. Specifically, a Magistrate Judge's criminal contempt authority includes "the power to punish summarily by fine or imprisonment, or both, such contempt of the authority of such magistrate judge constituting misbehavior of any person in the magistrate judge's presence so as to obstruct the administration of justice." 28 U.S.C. § 636(e)(2). "The sentence imposed by a magistrate judge for any criminal contempt [under 28 U.S.C. § 636(e)(2) & (3)] shall not exceed the penalties for a Class C misdemeanor as set forth in sections 3581(b)(8) and 3571(b)(6) of Title 18." 28 U.S.C. § 636(e)(5).

Based upon the maximum penalties for a Class C misdemeanor, any person found guilty of

criminal contempt faces up to thirty (30) days imprisonment (18 U.S.C. § 3581(b)(8)) and a

\$5,000.00 fine (18 U.S.C. § 3571(b)(6)). "The contempt order must recite the facts, be signed by

the judge, and filed with the clerk." Fed.R.Crim.P. 42(b).

Defendant's conduct occurred in the Court's presence and constituted misbehavior

obstructing the administration of justice. The Court advised Defendant that he was being held in

summary criminal contempt for disobeying the Court's orders by continuing to interrupt and speak

out of turn. The Court allowed Defendant and his counsel an opportunity to respond.

Based upon the foregoing, the Court finds Defendant guilty of summary criminal contempt

in the presence of the undersigned United States Magistrate Judge, pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§

636(e)(2) and (5). Accordingly, Defendant is committed to the custody of the Attorney General

for thirty (30) days imprisonment.

The Clerk is directed to send copies of this Order to counsel for the parties, and to the

Honorable Max O. Cogburn, Jr.

SO ORDERED.

Signed: September 28, 2016

David S. Cayer

United States Magistrate Judge